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(2) Interstate Power Company shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from its Lansing Station Unit No. 4 in Lansing, IA, any gases which exhibit greater than 32 percent opacity, except that a maximum of 39 percent opacity shall be permitted for not more than six minutes in any hour.

§ 60.43 Standard for sulfur dioxide (SO₂).

- (a) Except as provided under paragraph (d) of this section, on and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by $\S60.8$ is completed, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpartshall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any affected facility any gases that contain SO_2 in excess of:
- (1) 340 $\,\mathrm{ng/J}$ heat input (0.80 lb/MMBtu) derived from liquid fossil fuel or liquid fossil fuel and wood residue.
- (2) 520 ng/J heat input (1.2 lb/MMBtu) derived from solid fossil fuel or solid fossil fuel and wood residue, except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (b) Except as provided under paragraph (d) of this section, when different fossil fuels are burned simultaneously in any combination, the applicable standard (in ng/J) shall be determined by proration using the following formula:

$$PS_{SO_2} = \frac{y (340) + z (520)}{(y+z)}$$

Where:

PS_{SO2} = Prorated standard for S_{O2} when burning different fuels simultaneously, in ng/J heat input derived from all fossil fuels or from all fossil fuels and wood residue fired; y = Percentage of total heat input derived from liquid fossil fuel: and

- z = Percentage of total heat input derived from solid fossil fuel.
- (c) Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all fossil fuels burned, including gaseous fuels.
- (d) As an alternate to meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, an owner or operator can petition the Administrator (in writing) to comply with §60.43Da(i)(3) of subpart Da of this part or comply with §60.42b(k) of subpart Db of this part, as applicable to the affected source. If the

Administrator grants the petition, the source will from then on (unless the unit is modified or reconstructed in the future) have to comply with the requirements in §60.43Da(i)(3) of subpart Da of this part or §60.42b(k) of subpart Db of this part, as applicable to the affected source.

(e) Units 1 and 2 (as defined in appendix G of this part) at the Newton Power Station owned or operated by the Central Illinois Public Service Company will be in compliance with paragraph (a)(2) of this section if Unit 1 and Unit 2 individually comply with paragraph (a)(2) of this section or if the combined emission rate from Units 1 and 2 does not exceed 470 ng/J (1.1 lb/MMBtu) combined heat input to Units 1 and 2.

60.44 Standard for nitrogen oxides (NO $_{\times}$).

- (a) Except as provided under paragraph (e) of this section, on and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by 60.8 is completed, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any affected facility any gases that contain NO_X , expressed as NO_2 in excess of:
- (1) 86 ng/J heat input (0.20 lb/MMBtu) derived from gaseous fossil fuel.
- (2) 129 ng/J heat input (0.30 lb/MMBtu) derived from liquid fossil fuel, liquid fossil fuel and wood residue, or gaseous fossil fuel and wood residue.
- (3) 300 ng/J heat input (0.70 lb/MMBtu) derived from solid fossil fuel or solid fossil fuel and wood residue (except lignite or a solid fossil fuel containing 25 percent, by weight, or more of coal refuse).
- (4) 260 ng/J heat input (0.60 lb MMBtu) derived from lignite or lignite and wood residue (except as provided under paragraph (a)(5) of this section).
- (5) 340 ng/J heat input (0.80 lb MMBtu) derived from lignite which is mined in North Dakota, South Dakota, or Montana and which is burned in a cyclone-fired unit.
- (b) Except as provided under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section, when different fossil fuels are burned simultaneously in any combination,

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the applicable standard (in ng/J) is determined by proration using the following formula:

$$PS_{NO_X} = \frac{w (260) + x (86) + y (130) + z (300)}{(w + x + y + z)}$$

Where:

 PS_{NOX} = Prorated standard for NO_X when burning different fuels simultaneously, in ng/J heat input derived from all fossil fuels fired or from all fossil fuels and wood residue fired;

- w = Percentage of total heat input derived
 from lignite:
- x = Percentage of total heat input derived from gaseous fossil fuel;
- y = Percentage of total heat input derived from liquid fossil fuel; and
- z = Percentage of total heat input derived from solid fossil fuel (except lignite).
- (c) When a fossil fuel containing at least 25 percent, by weight, of coal refuse is burned in combination with gaseous, liquid, or other solid fossil fuel or wood residue, the standard for NO_X does not apply.
- (d) Except as provided under paragraph (e) of this section, cyclone-fired units which burn fuels containing at least 25 percent of lignite that is mined in North Dakota, South Dakota, or Montana remain subject to paragraph (a)(5) of this section regardless of the types of fuel combusted in combination with that lignite.
- (e) As an alternate to meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of this section, an owner or operator can petition the Administrator (in writing) to comply with §60.44Da(e)(3) of subpart Da of this part. If the Administrator grants the petition, the source will from then on (unless the unit is modified or reconstructed in the future) have to comply with the requirements in §60.44Da(e)(3) of subpart Da of this part.

§ 60.45 Emissions and fuel monitoring.

(a) Each owner or operator shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) for measuring the opacity of emissions, SO_2 emissions, NO_X emissions, and either oxygen (O_2) or

carbon dioxide (CO₂) except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

- (b) Certain of the CEMS requirements under paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to owners or operators under the following conditions:
- (1) For a fossil-fuel-fired steam generator that burns only gaseous fossil fuel and that does not use post-combustion technology to reduce emissions of SO_2 or PM, CEMS for measuring the opacity of emissions and SO_2 emissions are not required.
- (2) For a fossil-fuel-fired steam generator that does not use a flue gas desulfurization device, a CEMS for measuring SO_2 emissions is not required if the owner or operator monitors SO_2 emissions by fuel sampling and analysis.
- (3) Notwithstanding §60.13(b), installation of a CEMS for NOx may be delayed until after the initial performance tests under §60.8 have been conducted. If the owner or operator demonstrates during the performance test that emissions of NO_X are less than 70 percent of the applicable standards in §60.44, a CEMS for measuring NO_X emissions is not required. If the initial performance test results show that NO_x emissions are greater than 70 percent of the applicable standard, the owner or operator shall install a CEMS for NO_x within one year after the date of the initial performance tests under §60.8 and comply with all other applicable monitoring requirements under this part.
- (4) If an owner or operator does not install any CEMS for sulfur oxides and NO_X , as provided under paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(3) or paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section a CEMS for measuring either O_2 or CO_2 is not required.
- (5) An owner or operator may petition the Administrator (in writing) to install a PM CEMS as an alternative to